#### **POLICYLAB**

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# **METHODS CONSIDERATIONS** FROM A QUALITATIVE STUDY **OF PLASTIC SURGERY APPLICANTS**

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## **ABOUT ANYUN**

# Your friendly neighborhood CRC

- Started at PolicyLab in October 2022
- Collects comic books and DVDs
- Did the Rocky Run on a ruptured ACL
- Exceptional spice tolerance





## **LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

How do we protect confidentiality when working with very small populations?

How do we reflect lived experience of research participants while protecting their identities?



#### **PROJECT OVERVIEW**

Research question: What are the experiences of minoritized medical students applying to Plastic Surgery Residencies?

## Project design:

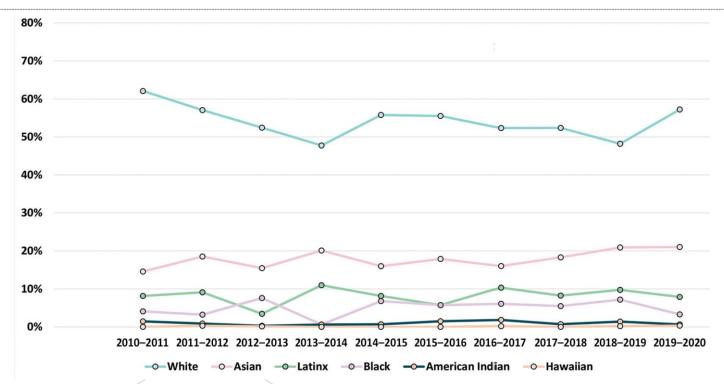
**Quant**: Survey distributed to Plastic Surgery Foundation's listserv

**Qual**: Semi-structured interviews with subsample of respondents

So far, 10 completed interviews (and 1 half-complete) – 3 FGLI, 1 FGLI + URM



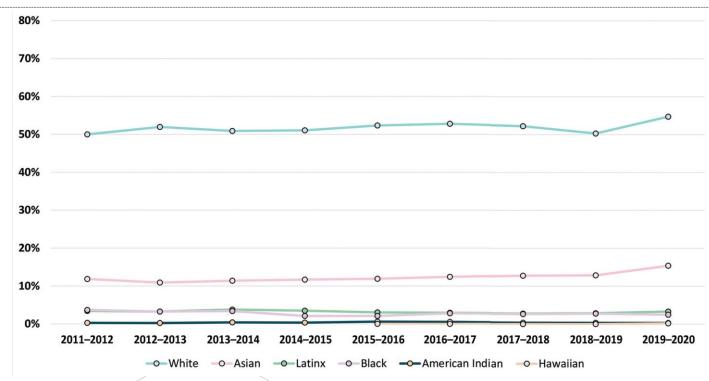
# **DEMOGRAPHICS OF PLASTIC SURGERY APPLICANTS**, 2010-2020.



Hernandez, J. Andres MD, MBA\*; Kloer, Carmen I. BA†; Porras Fimbres, Denisse BS, RD†; Phillips, Brett T. MD, MBA\*; Cendales, Linda C. MD\*, Plastic Surgery Diversity through the Decade: Where We Stand and How We Can Improve. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery - Global Open 10(2): pe4134, February 2022. | DOI: 10.1097/GOX.00000000004134



## **DEMOGRAPHICS OF PLASTIC SURGERY RESIDENTS**, 2011 TO 2020.



Hernandez, J. Andres MD, MBA\*; Kloer, Carmen I. BA $^{\dagger}$ ; Porras Fimbres, Denisse BS, RD $^{\dagger}$ ; Phillips, Brett T. MD, MBA\*; Cendales, Linda C. MD $^{*}$ , Plastic Surgery Diversity through the Decade: Where We Stand and How We Can Improve. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery - Global Open 10(2):p e4134, February 2022. | DOI: 10.1097/GOX.00000000004134



## "DISPARITIES" IN THE DEMOGRAPHICS OF PLASTIC SURGERY

Every year, ~400 med students apply for about ~190 spots

~60% of applicants are White → ~50% of residents are White

~8% of applicants are Black → ~3% of residents are Black

~9% of applicants are Latinx → ~3% of residents are Latinx

Additionally, medicine overall, especially medical school populations have moved closer to 1:1 Male:Female over time

But in plastic surgery, it's about 5:1 Male:Female



### CHALLENGES WITH A SMALL + INTERCONNECTED GROUP

The population of applicants all know each other/of each other

There are ethnic and religious minorities that are easily identifiable from their demographics alone

"Minoritized" or "Under-represented" is context dependent – minorities in Plastic Surgery are defined differently than minorities in medicine overall

Even interviewees who do not fall under "URM" or "FGLI" reported demographic marks that minoritized them in the application process



## CONSEQUENT METHODOLOGICAL CHANGES

Two years of data collection instead of one

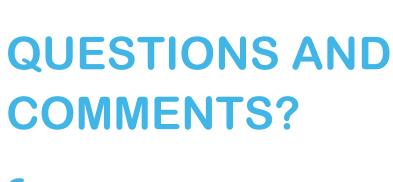
QRC sent gift cards instead of PI's team due to recognizability

Gave participants opportunity to go "off the record" or call back

Clarified if there were specific demographic marks participants didn't want us to report

Examining what we actually mean by URM







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